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## Femtet Seminar

# Electromagnetic Analysis Exercise

## S-Parameters of Open Stub

202009

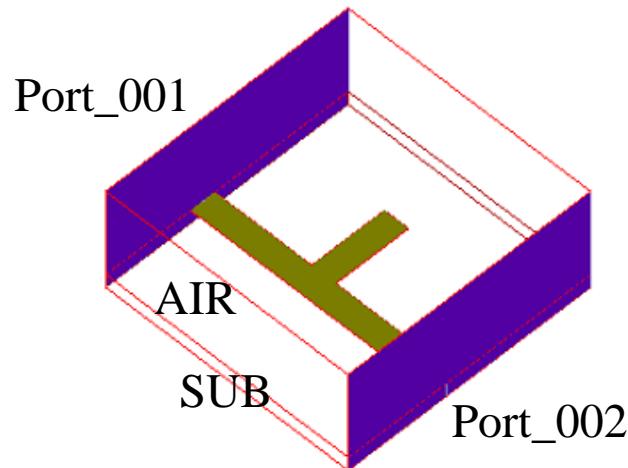
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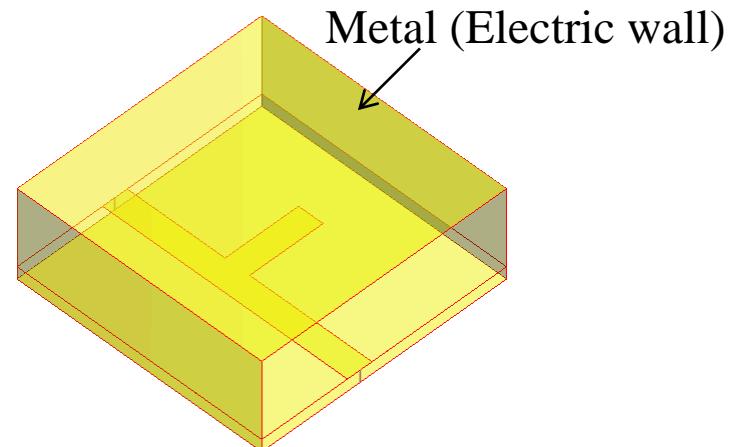
0. Define an Analysis Model
1. Create a Project ..... 3D, Model unit: mm
2. Create a Model ..... 3D Form
3. Set Analysis Condition..... Frequency Sweep
4. Set Material Property ..... Permittivity and Conductivity
5. Set Boundary Condition..... Port Setting
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7. Results Display..... Electromagnetic Field and S-Parameters

# 0. Define an Analysis Model

S-Parameters of an open stub surrounded by metal is solved.



(a) Appearance



(b) Shielding by Metal

Fig.1 Open Stub

# 0. Define an Analysis Model

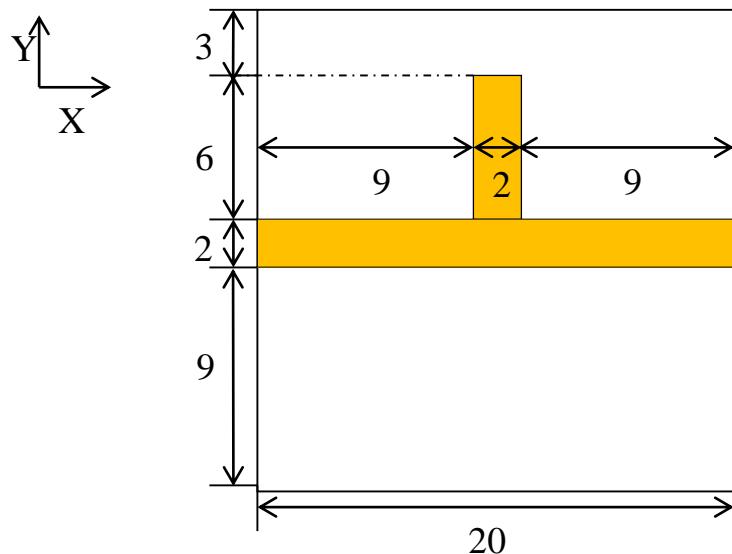


Fig.2 XY Plane of Open Stub

Analysis Frequencies  
1GHz ~ 10GHz

SUB (Substrate)  
Thickness: 1mm  
Material: Glass Epoxy  
Relative Permittivity: 4.25  
 $\tan\delta$  : 0.01

AIR  
Height: 6.4mm

ELECTRODE  
Material: Cu  
Conductivity:  $5.977e7$ [S/m]  
Relative Permeability: 1

# 1. Create a Project

## Preparation

For easy drawing, change the settings to display bodies in wireframe.

Click Femtet button  , go to [General Settings] > [GUI Settings] > [Modeling Setting], then deselect [Paint and Shade].

## Create a New Project

1. Click Femtet button  , select [New Project]
2. In the [Analysis Space Setting] dialog box, check that Model unit is mm and Analysis Space is 3D. Click OK. (Fig. 3)

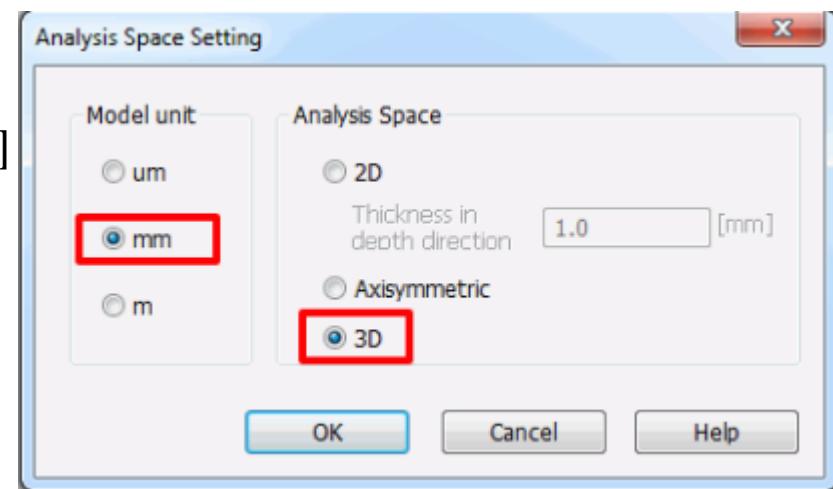


Fig. 3 [Analysis Space Setting] Dialog Box

# 2. Create a Model

## Create a Model on the Modeling Window

### Create a Substrate Body

On the [Create a solid body] button 

select [ Body [Specify Length]].

Startpoint: (0,0,0), Width: 20, Depth: 20, Height: 1  
(Fig. 4)

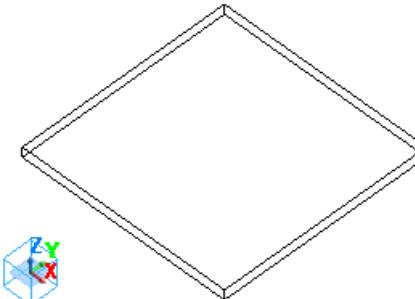


Fig.4 Substrate Body

### Create a Air Body

Startpoint: (0,0,0), Width: 20, Depth: 20, Height: 6.4

(Fig. 5)

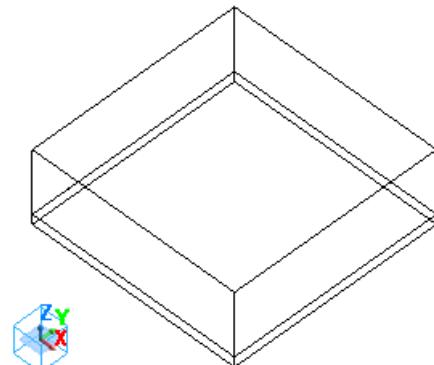


Fig.5 Air Body

### Exit

Press [Exit].

## 2. Create a Model

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### Create an Electrode Body 1

On the [Create a sheet body] button  select [Rectangle [Specify Length]]  
Startpoint: (0,0,1), Width: 20, Height: 2  
(Fig. 6)

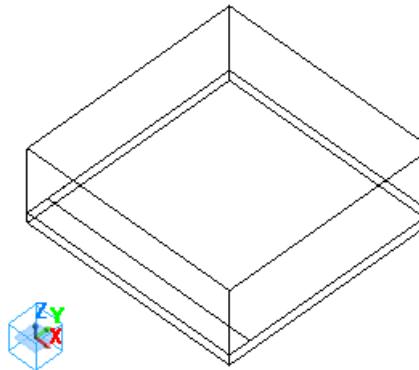


Fig.6 Electrode Body 1

### Create an Electrode Body 2

Startpoint: (9,2,1), Width: 2, Height: 6  
(Fig. 7)

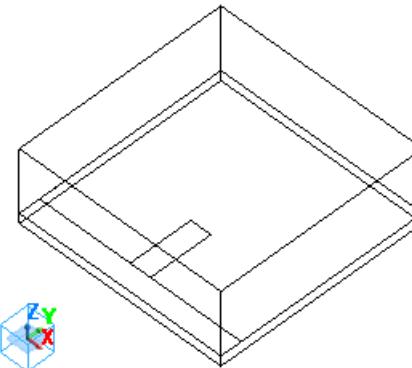


Fig.7 Electrode Body 2

### Exit

Press [Exit].

## 2. Create a Model

### Unite Electrode Bodies

Select the electrode bodies 1 and 2 with [Ctrl] key being pressed.

On the right-click menu, select [Boolean] > [Unite]. (Fig. 8)

The two electrode bodies are united. (Fig. 9)

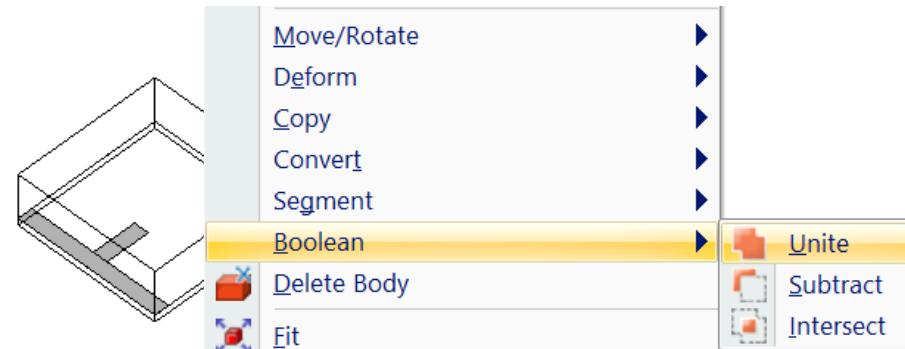


Fig.8 Unite Two Bodies

### Exit

Press [Exit].

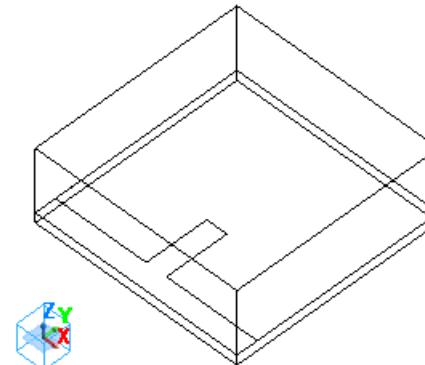


Fig.9 United Body of Electrodes

## 2. Create a Model

### Move Electrode Body

Select electrode body.

On the right-click menu,  
select [Move/Rotate] > [Move]  
(Fig. 10)

Set Move vector: (0,9,0)  
(Fig. 11)

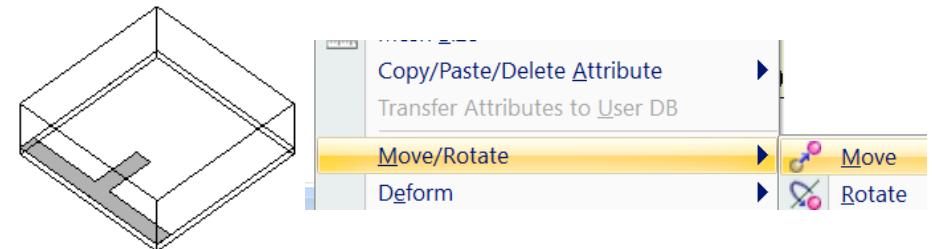


Fig.10 Move Electrode Body

### Exit

Press [Exit].

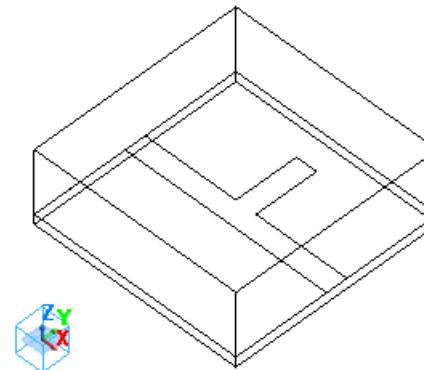


Fig.11 Moved Electrode Body

# 3. Set Analysis Condition

## Select Solver

On the [Analysis Condition] button , open [Analysis Condition Setting] dialog box.

On the [Solver] tab, select [Electromagnetic analysis *Hertz*].

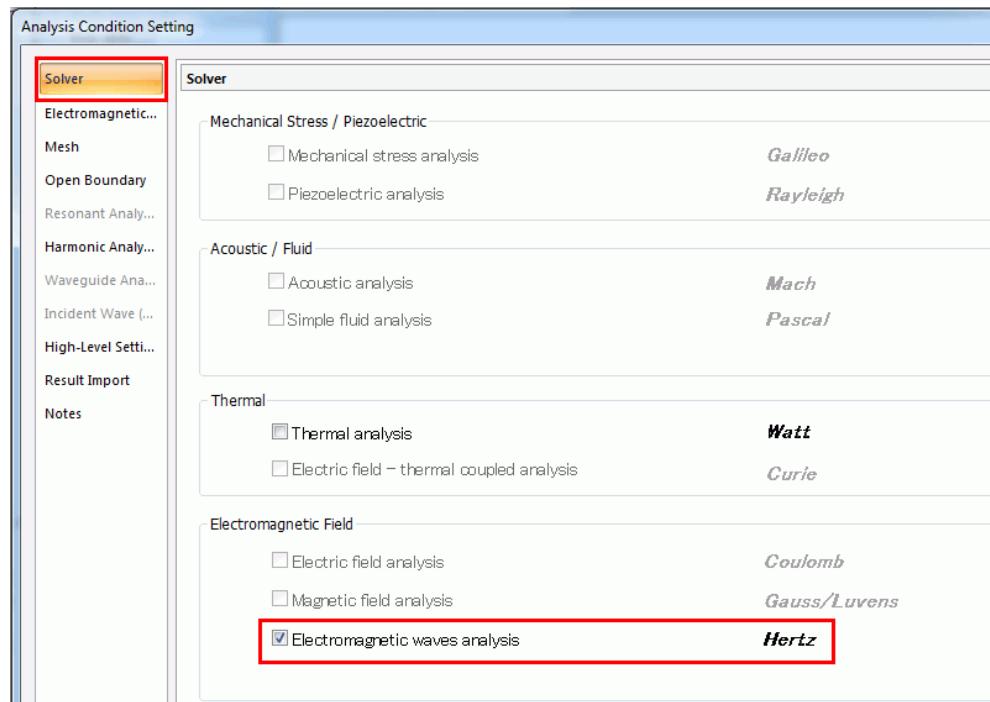


Fig.12 [Solver] Tab

# 3. Set Analysis Condition

For S-parameters analysis, select Harmonic Analysis on the [Electromagnetic Analysis] tab. (Fig. 13(a))  
 On the [Harmonic Analysis] tab, select Sweep Type: Liner Step by Division Number, and enter Minimum frequency: 1, Maximum frequency: 10GHz, and Division number: 100. (Fig. 13(b))  
 Mesh setting is on the following page.

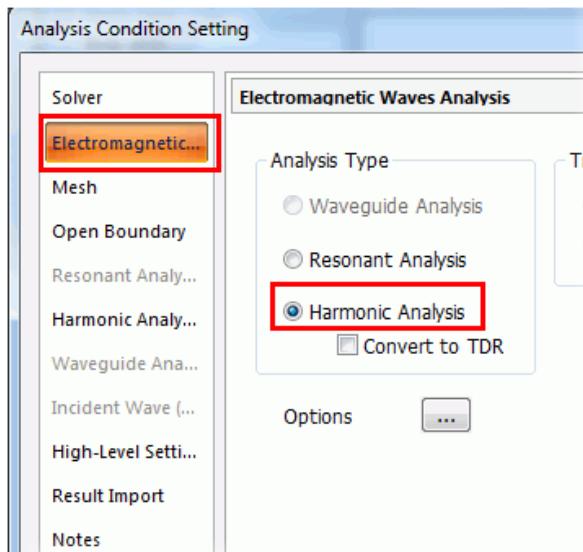


Fig.13(a) [Electromagnetic Analysis] Tab

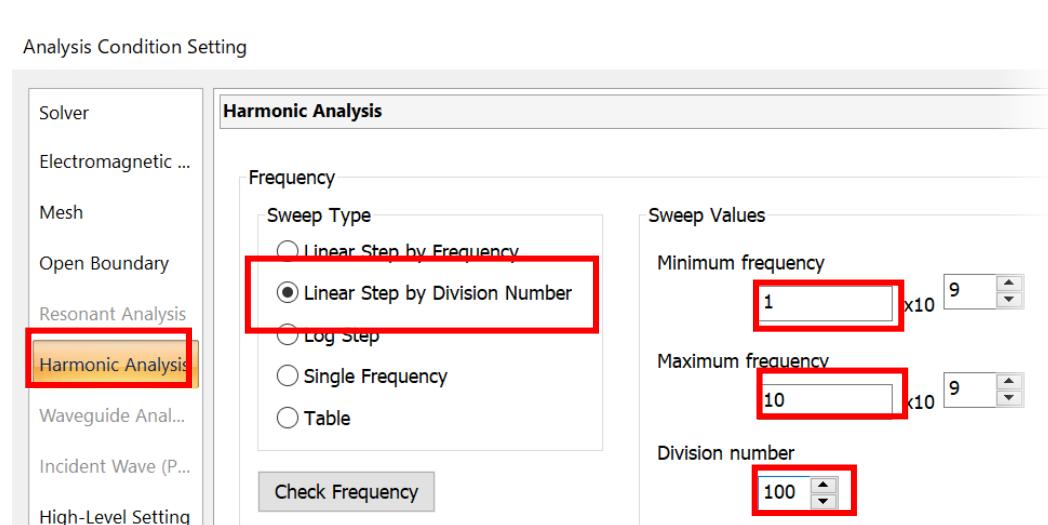


Fig.13(b) [Harmonic Analysis] Tab

# 3. Set Analysis Condition

## General Mesh Size Setting

1/10 of the overall size is automatically set.

## Do Not Use Adaptive Mesh

In this exercise, deselect this option to finish calculation in short time.

*\*Usually, this option is selected.*

## Reference Frequency Setting

In this exercise, it is assumed that the resonant frequency is known to be around 5GHz.

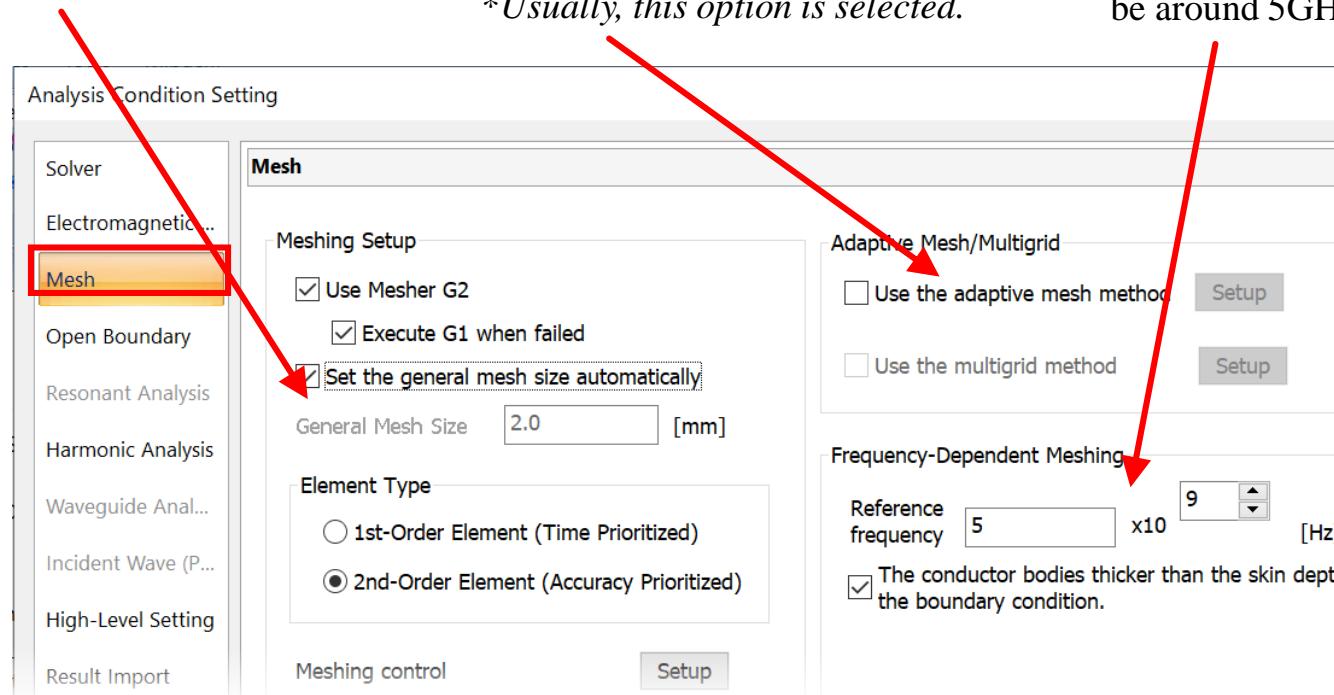


Fig.13(c) [Mesh] Tab of [Analysis Condition Setting]

# 4. Set Material Property

Right-click the substrate and select [Body Attribute/Material Property] on the appearing menu.  
 (Fig.14)

Type SUB in the [Body Attribute Name].

In the [Material DB], go to [03\_Resin], and select [006\_Glass\_epoxy].  
 (Fig.15)

Press [Edit Data] to check the material property.

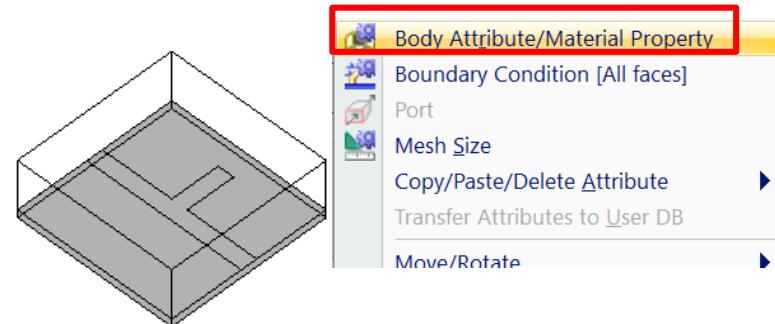


Fig.14 Select Substrate Body

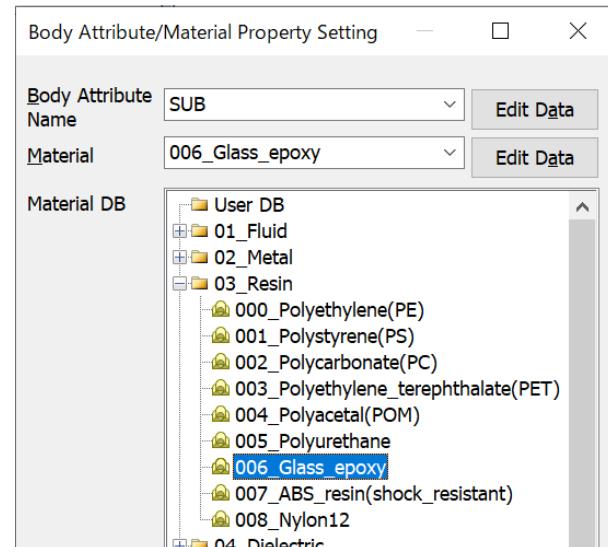


Fig.15 Select Glass Epoxy

# 4. Set Material Property

Right-click the air domain and select [Body Attribute/Material Property] on the appearing menu. (Fig. 16)

Type AIR in the [Body Attribute Name].

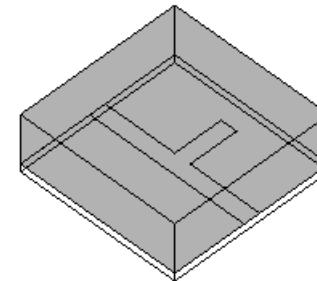


Fig.16 Select Air Domain

In the Material DB, go to [01\_Fluid], and select [000\_Air]. (Fig.17)

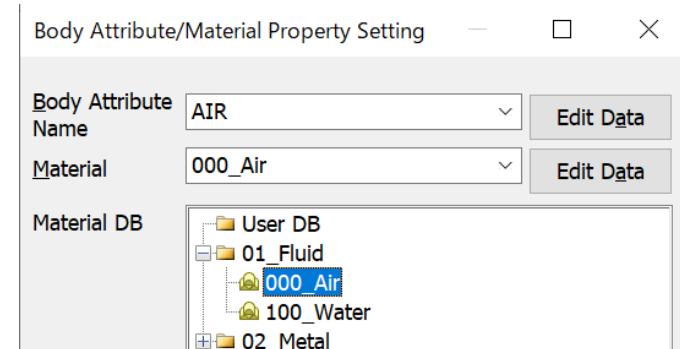


Fig.17 Select Air

# 4. Set Material Property

Right-click the electrode and select [Body Attribute/Material Property] on the appearing menu. (Fig. 18)

Type ELECTRODE in the [Body Attribute Name].

In the Material DB, go to [02\_Metal], and select [008\_Cu]. (Fig.19)

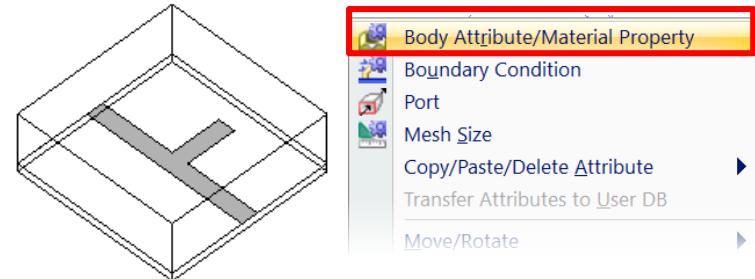


Fig.18 Select Electrode Body

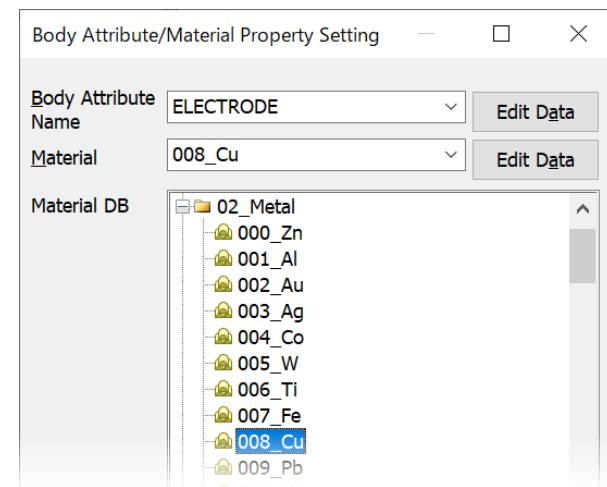


Fig. 19 Select Cu

# 5. Set Boundary Condition

## Port Setting

Select a face for setup.

Port\_001 is set up as follows;

Select faces of the substrate and air domain with Ctrl key being pressed.

On the right-click menu, select [Port]. (Fig. 20)

Confirm the port name is [Port\_001] and press OK button.

A dialog box for analysis condition setting will show up. (Fig.21)

Select [Specify] for [Reference Impedance].

Press Setup button for [Integral Path] and set as follows on the modeling window;

Integral path: startpoint (20, 10, 1), endpoint (20, 10, 0)

(Fig. 22 on the following page)

Likewise, Port\_002 is set up.

Integral path: startpoint (0, 10, 1), endpoint (0, 10, 0)

(Fig. 23 on the following page)

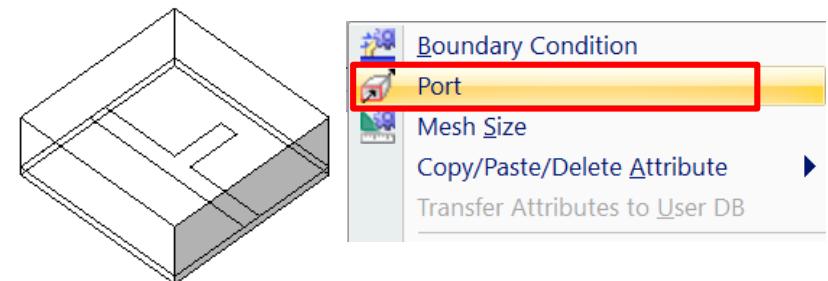


Fig. 20 Select Port\_001 for Setup

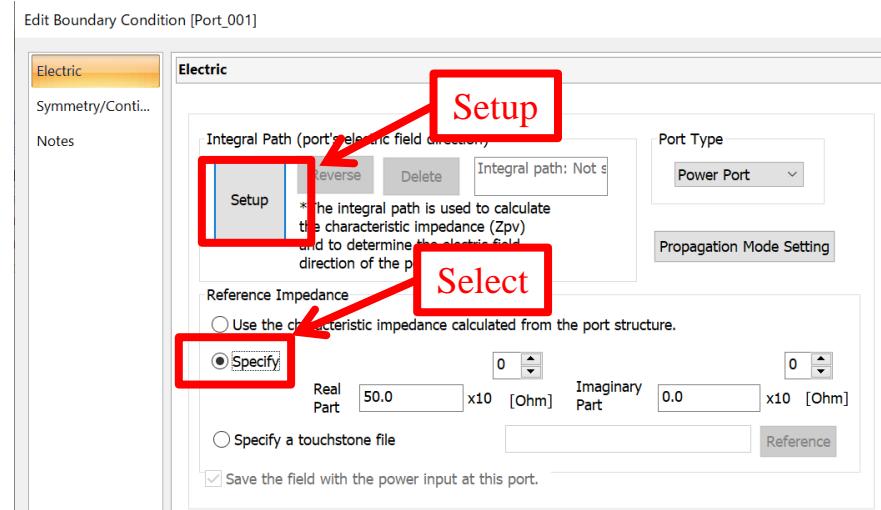


Fig. 21 Dialog Box for Editing Boundary Condition

# 5. Set Boundary Condition

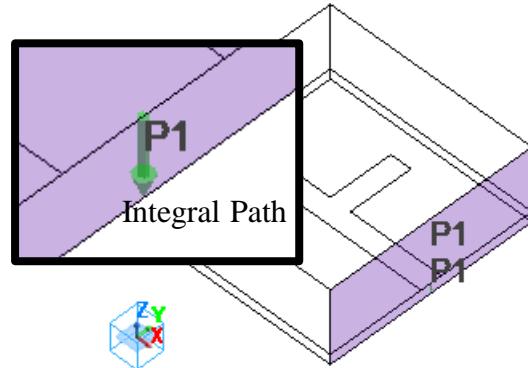


Fig. 22 Integral Path on Port\_001

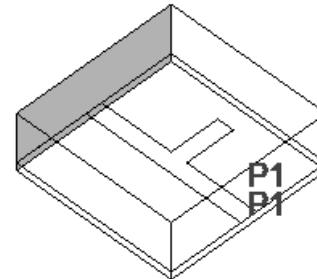


Fig.23 Integral Path on Port\_002

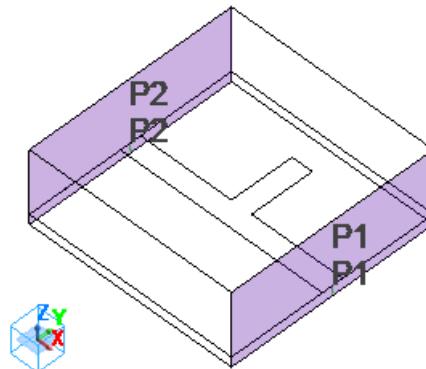


Fig.24 The Model with Two Ports

# 6. Run Solver

## Save Analysis Model

Click Femtet button , select [Save Project As].

Type Exercise, press [Run Mesher/Solver] 

When the analysis is finished,  
[Calculation Finished] dialog box will  
appear.

Check [Fields] is selected for [Show  
Results], and press [Show] button to see  
the results window.  
(Fig. 25)

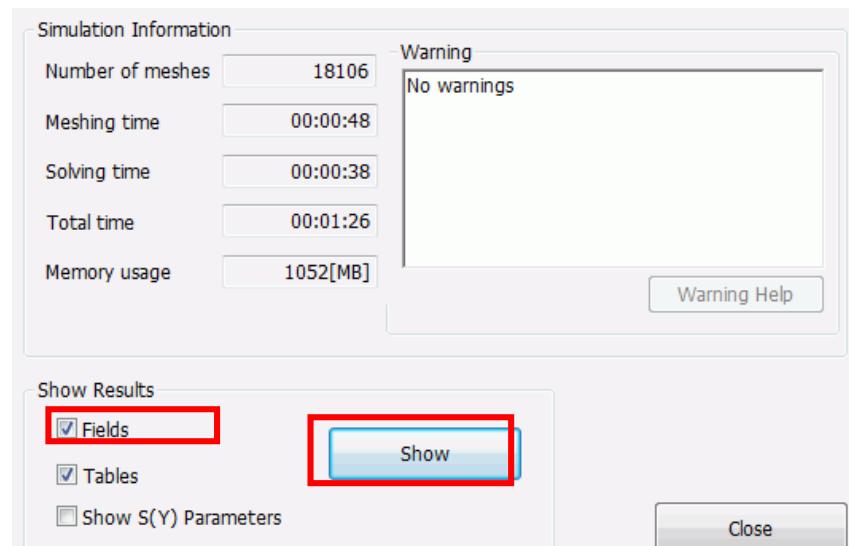


Fig.25 [Calculation Finished] Dialog Box

# 7. Results Display: Magnetic Field

Select Electromagnetic Analysis as an analysis type.

Set electric field [V/m] for the field type.

Press [Vector diagram] (Fig. 26)

The electric filed displayed here is input from Port-001.

To view the electric field input from Port\_002,  
press [Field Superposition Setting] button and set as in  
Table 2.

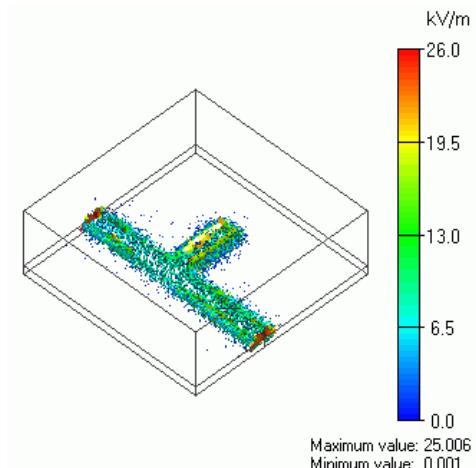


Fig.26 Electric Field Vector Diagram

Port Name	MAG	PHASE[deg]
Port_001:m1	1.0	0.0
Port_002:m1	0.0	0.0

Table 1: Input from Port\_001

Port Name	MAG	PHASE[deg]
Port_001:m1	0.0	0.0
Port_002:m1	1.0	0.0

Table 2: Input from Port\_002

# 7. Results Display: S-Parameters

Click [Chart], and select [SYZ matrix].  
A dialog box will show up. (Fig. 27)

In [Matrix], select 11 and 21.  
Press [XY Graph] button.  
 $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$  will be displayed. (Fig. 28)

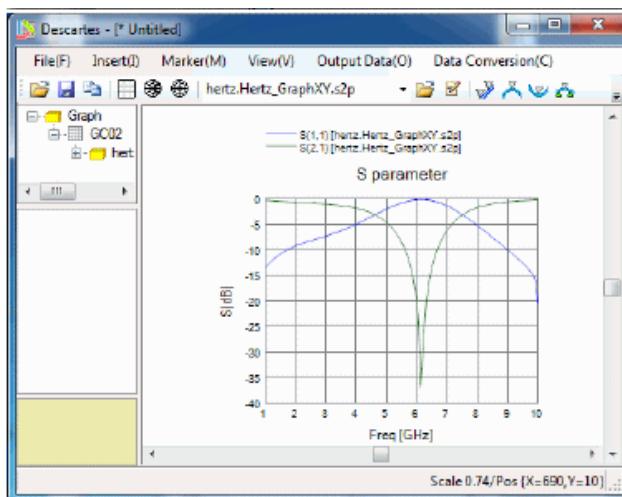


Fig. 28 S-Parameters

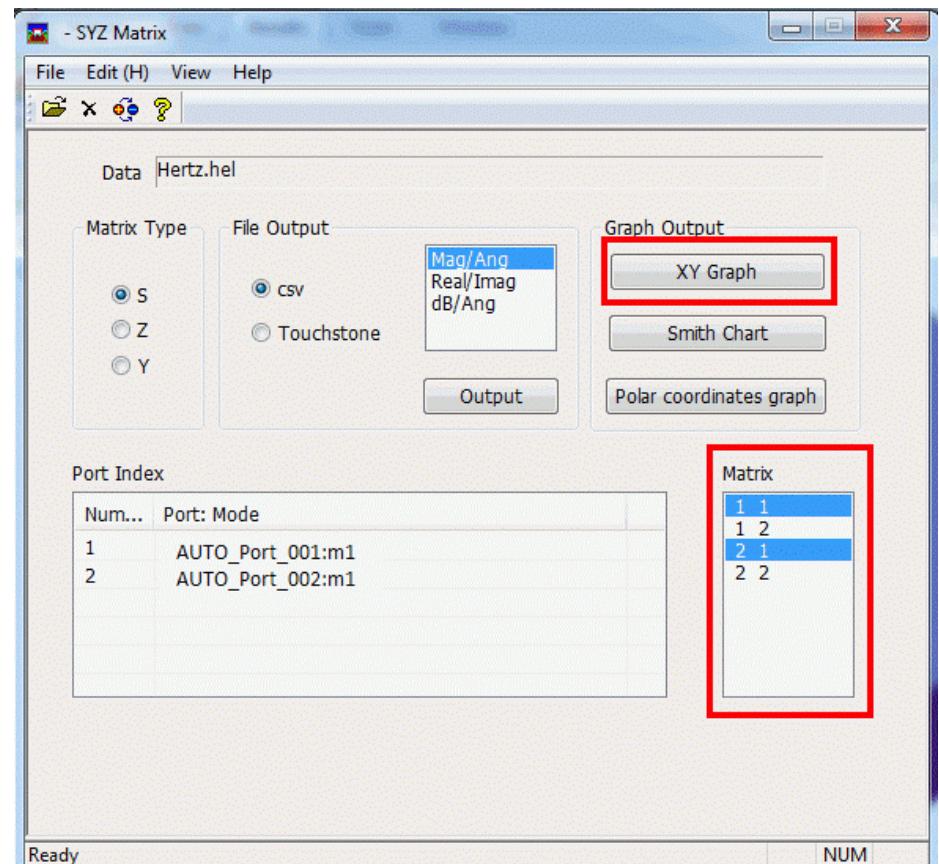


Fig. 27 Dialog Box of SYZ Matrix